

Mark Scheme (Results)

June 2011

GCE Decision D1 (6689) Paper 1



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EDEXCEL GCE MATHEMATICS

General Instructions for Marking

- 1. The total number of marks for the paper is 75.
- 2. The Edexcel Mathematics mark schemes use the following types of marks:
 - M marks: method marks are awarded for 'knowing a method and attempting to apply it', unless otherwise indicated.
 - A marks: Accuracy marks can only be awarded if the relevant method (M) marks have been earned.
 - B marks are unconditional accuracy marks (independent of M marks)
 - Marks should not be subdivided.
- 3. Abbreviations

These are some of the traditional marking abbreviations that will appear in the mark schemes and can be used if you are using the annotation facility on ePEN.

- bod benefit of doubt
- ft follow through
- the symbol will be used for correct ft
- cao correct answer only
- cso correct solution only. There must be no errors in this part of the question to obtain this mark
- isw ignore subsequent working
- awrt answers which round to
- SC: special case
- oe or equivalent (and appropriate)
- dep dependent
- indep independent
- dp decimal places
- sf significant figures
- * The answer is printed on the paper
- L The second mark is dependent on gaining the first mark



June 2011 Decision Mathematics D1 6689 Mark Scheme

Question Number	Scheme	Marks
1. (a)	The list is not in alphabetical order.	B1 (1)
(b)	E.g. A Quick sortJMCBTHKRGFHCBGFHJMTKRGTCBFGHJMKRTBKBCFGHJKMRTFRBCFGHJKMRTFRBCFGHJKMRTFRSort complete + named correctly	M1 $A1$ $A1$ $A1 = B1$ (4)
(c)	Pivot $1 = \left[\frac{1+10}{2}\right] = 6$ Jenny reject 1 - 6 Pivot $2 = \left[\frac{7+10}{2}\right] = 9$ Richard reject 9 - 10 Pivot $3 = \left[\frac{7+8}{2}\right] = 8$ Merry reject 8 Pivot $4 = 7$ Kim - name found	M1 A1 A1ft A1 (4) 9
(a) B1 (b) M1 1A1 2A1 3A1=2B1 (c) M1 1A1 2A1 3A1	Notes: CAO – phonetically close Quick sort – pivots, p, selected and first pass gives <p, p,="">p. First two passes correct, pivots chosen consistently for third pass CAO Sort completed correctly 'Stop' + plus correct name for their sort – phonetically close Using their 'sorted list' + choosing middle right pivots+ discarding/retaining half the list. It their list is not in full alphabetical order M1 only. First pass correct ie 6th item for a correct list (no sticky pivots) Second and third passes correct ie 9th and 8th items from a correct list (no sticky pivots) CSO search complete + 'found'</p,>	



Question Number	Scheme	Mar	ks
2. (a)(i)	A tree is a connected graph with no cycles/circuit	B1	
(a)(ii)	A minimum spanning tree is a tree that contains all vertices and the total length of its arcs (weight of tree) is as small as possible.	B1 B1	(3)
(b)	AB, DE, BC; $\begin{cases} \text{reject AC} \\ \text{BD} \end{cases}$ reject BE, reject CE, use either EF or CF	M1; . A1	A1 (3)
(c)	$\mathbf{A} \underbrace{\mathbf{A}}_{10} \underbrace{\mathbf{I}}_{13} \underbrace{\mathbf{I}}_{13} \underbrace{\mathbf{I}}_{0} \underbrace{\mathbf{I}}_{14} \underbrace{\mathbf{F}}_{14} \underbrace{\mathbf{F}}_{14}$	B1	(1)
(d)	No, there are two solutions since either EF or CF should be used.	B1	(1) 8
(a)1B1 2B1 3B1 (b)M1 1A1 2A1 (c)B1 (d)B1	Notes Connected + no cycles Contains all vertices Total length of arcs used minimised or minimum weight. (Not shortest/smallest etc.) First four arcs selected correctly in correct order. Arcs selected correctly at correct time Rejections correct and at correct time CAO CAO - mark explanation must specify two arcs of 18 or two 18's or ref to EF and CF		



Scheme	Marks
$6x + 5y \le 60$ $2x + 3y \ge 12$ $3x \ge 2y$ $x \le 2y$	B2,1,0 (2)
Drawing objective line{ (0,3) (1,0)} Testing at least 2 points Calculating optimal point Testing at least 3 points $\left(7\frac{1}{17}, 3\frac{9}{17}\right) = \left(\frac{120}{17}, \frac{60}{17}\right) \approx (7.06, 3.53)$	M1 A1 DM1 A1 awrt (4)
$24\frac{12}{17} = \frac{240}{17} \approx 24.7$ (awrt)	B1 (1)
(6,4)	B1 (1) 8
$ \begin{pmatrix} 3\frac{3}{7}, 1\frac{5}{7} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{24}{7}, \frac{12}{7} \end{pmatrix} \approx (3.43, 1.71) \rightarrow 12 (1\frac{11}{13}, 2\frac{10}{13}) = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{24}{13}, \frac{35}{13} \end{pmatrix} \approx (1.85, 2.77) \rightarrow 8.3 \ 07692 \ \left(8\frac{4}{13} = \frac{108}{13}\right) \left(4\frac{4}{9}, 6\frac{2}{3}\right) = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{40}{9}, \frac{20}{3} \end{pmatrix} \approx (4.44, 6.67) \rightarrow 20 (7\frac{1}{17}, 3\frac{9}{17}) = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{120}{17}, \frac{60}{17} \end{pmatrix} \approx (7.06, 3.53) \rightarrow 24.7 \ 05882 \ \left(24\frac{12}{17} = \frac{420}{17}\right) $ Notes Any two inequalities correct, accept < and > here (but not = of course). All four correct. Must be \leq and \geq here Drawing objective line or its reciprocal OR testing two vertices in the feasible region (see list above) points correct to 1 dp. Correct objective line OR two points correctly tested (1 dp ok) Calculating optimal point either answer to 2 dp or better or using S.E's (correct 2 equations for their point + attempt to eliminate one variable.); OR Testing three points correctly and optimal one to 2dp. CAO 2 dp or better. CAO CAO not (4,6).	
	Scheme $6x + 5y \le 60$ $2x + 3y \ge 12$ $3x \ge 2y$ $x \le 2y$ Drawing objective line{ (0,3) (1,0)} Testing at least 2 points Calculating optimal point Testing at least 3 points $\left(7\frac{1}{17}, 3\frac{9}{17}\right) = \left(\frac{120}{17}, \frac{60}{17}\right) \approx (7.06, 3.53)$ $24\frac{12}{17} = \frac{240}{17} \approx 24.7 \text{ (awrt)}$ (6.4) $\left(3\frac{3}{7}, 1\frac{5}{7}\right) = \left(\frac{24}{17}, \frac{32}{17}\right) \approx (3.43, 1.71) \rightarrow 12$ $\left(1\frac{11}{13}, 2\frac{10}{13}\right) = \left(\frac{24}{17}, \frac{36}{12}\right) \approx (4.44, 6.67) \rightarrow 20$ $\left(7\frac{1}{17}, 3\frac{9}{17}\right) = \left(\frac{120}{17}, \frac{60}{17}\right) \approx (7.06, 3.53) \rightarrow 24.705882 \left(24\frac{12}{17} = \frac{420}{17}\right)$ Notes Any two inequalities correct, accept < and > here (but not = of course). All four correct. Must be < and > here (but not = of course). All four correct objective line or its reciprocal OR testing two vertices in the feasible region (see list above) points correct to 1 dp. Correct objective line OR two points correctly tested (1 dp ok) Calculating optimal point either answer to 2 dp or better or using S.E's (correct 2 equations for their point + attempt to eliminate one variable.); OR Testing three points correctly ad optimal one to 2dp. CAO 2 dp or better. CAO CAO not (4,6).



Question Number	Scheme	Marks
4. (a)	[Given $A - 3 = R - 4 = C - 5$] A - 1 = H - 2 A - 1 = H - 3 = R - 4 = C - 5	M1 A1 A1 (3)
(b)	A = 3, C = 5, H = 1, (J unmatched), R = 4	B1 (1)
(c)	Alternating path : $J - 4 = R - 3 = A - 1 = H - 2$ Change status : $J = 4 - R = 3 - A = 1 - H = 2$ A = 1, C = 5, H = 2, J = 4, R = 3	M1 A1 A1 (3) 7
(a)M1 1A1 2A1 (b)B1 (c)M1 1A1 2A1	Notes Path from A to 2 or 5 - or vice versa One correct path selected OR tree showing the missing two paths only. Both correct paths listed separately CAO Path from J to 2 - or vice versa Correct path including change status CAO must follow through from stated path.	



Question Number	Scheme	Marks
5. (a)	AC + DF = 9 + 13 = 22 \leftarrow AD + CF = 16 + 8 = 24 AF + CD = 17 + 7 = 24 Repeat arcs AC, DG and GF	M1 A1 A1 A1 A1ft (5)
(b)	E.g. ADCACGDGFGECBEFBA Length of route = $98 + 22 = 120$ (km)	B1 B1ft (2)
(c)	CF (8) is the shortest link between 2 odd nodes excluding D Repeat CF (8) since this is the shortest path excluding D. We finish at A Length of route = $98 + 8 = 106$ (km)	M1 A1ft A1ft (3) 10
(a)M1 1A1 2A1 3A1 4A1ft (b)1B1 2B1ft (c)M1 1A1ft 2A1ft	Notes Three pairings of their four odd nodes One row correct including pairing and total Two rows correct including pairing and total Their smallest repeated arcs stated accept DGF or arcs clear from selected row. Correct route any start point, 17 nodes, AC, DG and GF repeated CAO 98 + their least out of a choice of at least 2. Attempting just one repeated path excluding D; accept AC, AF and CF listed A and their least repeat [should be CF (CEF)] clearly stating this as least 98 + their least from their working in (a)	



Question Number	Scheme	Marks
6. (a)	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	M1 A1 (ABCD) A1ft (EF) A1ft (GH) A1 A1 A1ft (G)
(b)	E.g. $71 - 12 = 59$ GH $49 - 10 = 39$ FE $24 - 13 = 11$ CD 59 - 10 = 49 EG $39 - 15 = 24$ DF $11 - 11 = 0$ AC Or Trace back from H including arc XY if (Y already lies on the path and) the difference of the final values of X and Y equals weight of arc XY.	B2,1,0 (2)
(c)	ACBEGH Length 72 (km)	B1 B1 (2) 10
(a)M1 1A1 2A1ft 3A1ft 4A1 5A1ft (b)1B1 2B1 (c)1B1 2B1	Notes Big replaced by smaller at least once at B or D or E or G or H A, B, C, D boxes all correct, condone lack of 0 in 's working value E and F ft correctly G and H ft correctly CAO ft on their final value. Attempting an explanation, at least 3 stages or one half of general explanation Correct explanation – all six stages, both halves of explanation CAO CAO	



Question	Scheme	Marks
7. (a)	ActivityProceeded byActivityProceeded byActivityProceeded by(A)(-)EA BIC(B)(-)(F)(B)JCCA B(G)(B)KI(D)(B)HC DLF	eeded by C D E C D E F H I G H I B3,2,1,0 (3)
(b)	7 E (2) 12 A (4) 8 / 12 I 12 12 J (10) I 12 H (4) 16 22 I 12 H (4) 16 22 I 12 I I 10 I I 12 I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	M1 A1 M1 A1 (4)
(0)		(2)
(d)	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	M1 A1 M1 A1 M1 A1 (4)



Question	Scheme	Marke
Number		IVIAI KS
(e)	 E.g. Between time 7 and 16, 3 workers could do 3 x 9 = 27 days work. Activities C, D, E, F, G, H, I and 4 days of J need to be done This totals 31 days work. So it is not possible to complete the project with three workers. OR If three workers are used three activities H, J and I need to happen at time 13.5, this 	B3,2,1,0 (3) 16
	happening. Our initial assumption is incorrect hence four workers are needed.	
(a)1B1	Any two rows correct	
2B1	Any four rows correct	
3B1	All seven rows correct	
(b)1M1	All top boxes complete, values generally increasing left to right, condone one rogue	
1A1 2M1	CAO	
2M1 2A1	CAO	
(c)M1	Accept dummies, repeats and condone one absence or one extra; or BDHL or BDJ	
A1	CAO (dummies and repeats ok)	
(d)1M1	At least 9 activities including at least 4 floats. Do not accept scheduling diagram.	
1A1	Critical activities dealt with correctly	
2M1	All 12 activities including at least 7 floats	
2A1 (م)1R1	Attempt at explanation one correct idea	
2B1	Good explanation, some imprecise or vague statements – give bod	
3B1	Fully correct explanation. No bod needed	



Question	Scheme	Marks
8.	Let <i>x</i> be the number of type A radios and y be the number of type B radios.	B1
	(Maximise P =) $15x + 12y$	B1
	Subject to	
	$x \ge 50$	B1
	$\frac{1}{5}(x+y) < x (\text{accept} \le) [y < 4x]$	B1
	$\frac{2}{5}(x+y) > x (\text{accept} \ge) [2y > 3x]$	B1
	$3x + 2y \le 200$	B1
	$y \ge 0$	B1
		7
	Notes	
1B1	Defining x and y; Must see 'number of'	
2B1 2D1	CAO objective function $15x+12y$	
3B1 4B1	CAO $x \ge 50$ CAO $x \ge 50$ CAO $x \ge 50$ CAO $x \ge 50$ CAO $x \ge 50$	
5B1	CAD o.e. $\frac{2}{5}(x+y) > x \rightarrow 2y > 3x$	
6B1	CAD $\alpha e = 3x + 2y < 200$	
7B1	$\begin{array}{ccc} CAO & y \ge 0 \end{array}$	



Question	Scheme	Marks
Number	Additional solutions	
QID	Quick sort middle left	
	J M C B T H K R G F T	M1
		A 1
	BCGFHJKMRT GJ	AI
	B C F G H J K M R T C	
	B C F G H J K M R T	A1
	Quick sort complete	Al
	Bubble sort left to right	
	J C B M H K R G F T T in place, consistent direction	M1
	C B J H K M G F R T	
	B C H J K G F M R T Passes 1 and 2 correct	Al
	B C H G F J K M R T	
	BCGFHJKMR T	
	B C F G H J K M R T Sort correctly + 'stop'	A1 A1
	Bubble soft complete soft named concerny + stop	ΠΙ
	Bubble right to left	
	I M C B T H K R G F	
	B J M C F T H K R G B in place, consistent direction	M1
	B C J M F G T H K R	A 1
	B C F J M G H I K R Passes I and 2 correct B C F G I M H K T R	AI
	B C F G H J M K R T	
	B C F G H J K M R T Sort correct	A1
	Bubble sort complete sort named correctly + 'stop'	AI
	Sorting into reverse alphabetical order – this is acceptable	
	e.g. Quick sort middle right	
		M1
	JMTKRHCBGF TG	1411
	Т J M K R H G C B F K B	A1
	I M R K J H G C F B R F	A 1
	I K M K J H G F C B Quick sort complete	AI A1
	Quiek son complete	ЛІ

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